**Name Class Period Date**

**Crash Course #2: Indus Valley Civilization**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | Nomadic culture seen as a civilization | Hunter Gatherers | Sioux Indians | The Mongols |
|  | Barbarian: Anyone who didn’t speak | Greek | Latin | Arabic |
|  | If you have four or more of the following, you might be a Civilization | Surplus Production | Writing | Labor & Trade |
| Technology  | City | Spoken Language |
|  | Civilizations were almost always around | Mountains | Deserts | Rivers |
|  | Why don’t we know much about Indus? | No written language | Can’t find it the cities | Language isn’t translated |
|  | Cities show they must have had | Government  | Religion | Computers  |
|  | Largest public building was a | Temple | Palace | Bath  |
|  | Know they traded because of | Seals | Written documents | The internet  |
|  | Little evidence of | Religion | Warfare | Trade |
|  | Possible cause of decline | Failure of trade | Earthquake | Became modern Indians  |

**Crash Course #3: Mesopotamia**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | Between these two rivers | Euphrates | Nile | Tigris |
|  | Gilgamesh is one of the oldest known | Television Show | Work of literature | Cities |
|  | The rivers were \_\_\_\_ to control | Difficult | Easy | Impossible  |
|  | Mesopotamia gave us  | Writing | Christianity | Farming  |
|  | \_\_\_ gave us the first territorial kingdom | Nomads | Trade | Warfare |
|  | As nomads almost always will unless you are the  | Mongols | Mongols | Mongols  |
|  | The new city-states introduced  | Taxes | Paper money | Banks |
|  | Hammurabi’s main claim to fame | Epic poetry | Law code | Newspapers |
|  | Territorial kingdoms relied on  | Nobles | Slaves | Poor People |
|  | Assyrians developed the first | Republic | Empire | Monarchy |

**Crash Course #4: Ancient Egypt**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | The Nile was  | Safe | Dangerous | Unimportant |
|  | Egyptians could create \_\_\_\_ food surplus | Big | Small | No |
|  | Old Kingdom was the  | Glory Age | Golden Age | Gory Age |
|  | The Pharaoh was (2 answers)  | King | God  | Slave |
|  | Why did people build the pyramids?  | Respect of the Nile | Dread of the slaves | Fear of the Pharaoh |
|  | The Middle Kingdom pharaohs were from | Egypt | Nubia | Ethiopia  |
|  | The New Kingdom continued | Isolation | Surrendering | Expansion |
|  | Hatshepsut was a \_\_\_\_ pharaoh | Female | Male | Child  |
|  | Why is King Tut famous?  | He was discovered | He married his sister | He conquered Rome |
|  | Why is Ancient Egypt so important?  | It was short-lived | It gave us writing | It lasted 1200 years |

**Crash Course #7: 2000 Years of Chinese History (Stop Watching at 6:33)**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | China was the first \_\_\_ state | Modern | Ancient | Democratic |
|  | China is divided into periods called | Kingdoms | Dynasties | Republics |
|  | Yuan were both unpopular and unusual because they were | Chinese | Mongols | Japanese |
|  | Rulers can be removed by gods because of the | Mandate of Heaven | Warring Emperors | World History |
|  | The accomplishment of the Qin was | Reunifying China | Breaking up China | Conquering China |