**Name # Class Period Date**

**Crash Course #37: China’s Revolutions**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | One strand of reform that called for China to adopt European military technology and education was called | Westernization  | Communism | Self-Strengthening |
|  | Instead, China experienced the disastrous anti-western  | Boxer Rebellion | Sun Rebellion  | Red Rebellion |
|  | During the 1911 Revolution, the \_\_ joined the rebellion | Government | People | Army |
|  | Sun Yat Sen was declared \_\_ of the Provisional Government | Emperor | President | General  |
|  | Spoiler Alert: The \_\_ won the Civil War | Nationalists | Communists | Liberalists  |
|  | Meanwhile, the Communists were winning over the  | Elites | Army | Peasants  |
|  | Mao declared the \_\_\_ of China on October 1, 1949 | People’s Republic | Soviet Union | Commune |
|  | Mao protected \_\_ of the promised rights & freedoms | All | Some | None |
|  | The “Resist America and Aid Korea” Campaign was | Propaganda | Law | War |
|  | The first of China’s Five Year Plan | Didn’t Work | Worked |  |
|  | The downfall of the Great Leap Forward  | Starvation | Rebellion | Inflation |
|  | The Cultural Revolution empowered | Adults  | Japanese | Students |
|  | Many would argue that the real change in China was in  | 1911 | 1966 | 1959 |
|  | That’s the Chinese Republic broke 3000 year of \_\_ history  | Imperialistic | Dynastic | Nationalist  |
|  | The legacy of China’s two revolutions is  | Simple | Short-lived | Mixed |

**Crash Course #40 Decolonization & Nationalism Triumph**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | The empires Europeans formed in the 19th Century proved about as stable and long-lasting as (which is not very) | Alexander the Great’s  | Napoleon’s | Genghis Khan’s |
|  | \_\_ has long been the way we’ve organized politically | Empire | Nation-States | Democracy |
|  | At least so far, no empires have emerged to replace the ones that fell, largely due to  | World War I | World War II | The Cold War |
|  | Because it happened during the Cold War, many new nations had to choose between (Circle Two) | Socialist | Anarchy | Capitalist |
|  | Mohandas Gandhi stands out for his use of  | Non-violence  | Violence | Passivism |
|  | The Indian colony was partitioned into the three states of | India | West Pakistan | Tibet |
| Mongolia | Afghanistan  | Bangladesh |
|  | The TWO religions displaced by the Indian partition were | Buddhists | Muslims | Hindus |
|  | Gandhi was eventually assassinated by a Hindu  | Nationalist | Terrorist | Politician |
|  | The Dutch exploited Indonesia with the system of *kultuurstelsel*, in which all peasants set aside land to grow  | Sugar Cane for imports  | Subsistence Crops  | Cash Crops to Export |
|  | The Japanese nationalism by placing \_\_ in positions of power | Native Indonesians | Dutch Imperialists | Japanese Princes  |
|  | Decolonization was disastrous in Cambodia, & led to the rise of the Khmer Rouge who massacred \_\_ of the population | 12% | 21% | 50% |
|  | Communists did not fully control \_\_ until 1979. | Korea | Indochina | Vietnam |
|  | In the 1950s, the Egyptian king was overthrown by army led by \_\_ | Muslim Brotherhood  | Nasser | Cleopatra |
|  | When Europeans left African nations \_\_\_ have the institutions necessary to thrive in the industrial world | Did | Did Not |  |
|  | Local rulers were seen as collaborators, so new rulers with \_\_ experience rose to take their place | Little  | A Lot | Foreign |
|  | Do your teachers have dictatorial ambitions? | Yes | You Bet | Always |
|  | Many Africans nations show \_\_ despite challenges | Growth | Disasters | Failures |

**Crash Course #223: Conflict in Israel & Palestine**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | In the late 19th C. the \_\_ Empire ruled what is now Palestine  | Ottoman | British | Egyptian |
|  | During this time, the religious population of Jerusalem was | Mostly Jewish | Equal | Mostly Muslim |
|  | Hertzl, a Jewish nationalist, became convinced Jews should settle in their own home state, known as | Zionism | Jewish Nationalism | Israeli Independence |
|  | After World War I, Palestine came under the control of the | Ottomans | British | Jews |
|  | In 1936, the \_\_ revolted. | Palestinians  | Arabs | Jews |
|  | After World War II, the British handed the Palestine issue to | League of Nations | The UN | Parliament |
|  | Nov 1947, they partitioned Palestine into \_\_& \_\_ states **(2)** | Jewish | Arab | Palestinian |
|  | Soon the 1948 Arab-Israeli war broke out, which \_\_ won | Palestine | Israelis |  |
|  | To Israelis, this war was the beginning of their | Livelihood | Catastrophe | Nation |
|  | To Palestinians this war was when they became | Stateless | Israelis | Soldiers |
|  | The Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO) was led by | Saddam Hussein | Golda Meir | Yasser Arafat |
|  | Israelis argued Jewish settlements in these territories weren’t illegal because Palestine wasn’t a  | Government | State | In charge of them |
|  | By the 1980s, Palestinians launched the First Intifada or | Guerilla War | Protests | Uprisings |
|  | The First Intifada also saw the founding of  | Hamas | PLO | Zion State |
|  | It’s important to understand the logic of these competing  | Nationalist Visions | Religious War | Military Action |

**Crash Course #226: Iranian Revolutions**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | The Safavids made \_\_\_ Islam the official state religion | Sunni | Shi’a | Sufism |
|  | Most of the world’s Muslims are \_\_ | Sunni | Shi’a | Sufism |
|  | From the beginning Shi’as saw themselves as the party of  | The Powerful | The Caliphs | The Oppressed  |
|  | Most people in Iran are | Arab | Persian | Middle Eastern |
|  | European rivalries really heated up after the discovery of | Gold | Diamonds | Oil |
|  | Tudeh was the Iranian \_\_ Party | Communist | Democratic | Conservative |
|  | In 1953, the Shia clergy \_\_ demonstrations against Tudeh | Encouraged | Discouraged |  |
|  | The \_\_ Revolution saw modernization | Red | Green  | White |
|  | It wasn’t universally popular, opposed by some such as \_\_  | Mohammed Shah | Ayatollah Khomeini | The Middle Class |
|  | One criticism of the 1979 demonstrators was of the  | North | East | West |
|  | On Jan 16, 1979, the shah went to  | Britain | Iraq | The USA |
|  | The 1st part of the revolution went from peaceful protest to  | Collapse of the Monarchy | Religious Intolerance  | Violent Demonstrations |
|  | The ultimate authority in Iran is the will of  | The people | Parliament | God |
|  | In 2009-10, the “\_\_ Revolution” protest against elections | White | Green | Blue |
|  | Life in Iran remains highly | Democratic | Repressive | Open |