**Name # Class Period Date**

**Crash Course #28: The American Revolution**

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| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | John Green begins the Revolution at the end of  | Seven Years War | French and English War | American War of Independence  |
|  | The colonists weren’t so keen on this, not because the tax was high but because they had no direct | Democracy | Representation | Line to the Crown |
|  | One of the most effective ways colonists could protest was | Rebellions | Rallies  | Boycotting |
| 1. e
 | The Continental Congress is most famous for drafting  | The Constitution | The Articles of Confederation | The Declaration of Independence |
|  | Here’s what’s revolutionary: the colonists threw off monarchy and replaced it with a government that didn’t have a  | Congress | King | Parliament  |
|  | John Green argues that the American Revolution wasn’t that | Revolutionary | Great | Bad |
|  | The Enlightenment was primarily a celebration of human’s ability to understand and improve the natural world through  | Religion | Reason | Regulation  |
|  | John Locke’s Version of Inalienable Rights are (choose three) | Life  | Happiness | Equality |
| Liberty | Property | Money |
|  | Moderate Enlightenment Thinkers were | British | French | German |
| 1. e
 | Radical Enlightenment Thinkers were | British  | French | German |
|  | American Enlightenment Thinkers were more closely related to  | British  | French | German |
|  | After the Revolution, Americans came to see themselves as equal to | Slaves | Nobility | Each Other |

**Crash Course #29: The French Revolution**

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| **Question** | **Choice 1** | **Choice 2** | **Choice 3** |
|  | The main problem in France at the time was | Debt | War | Famine |
|  | The Third Estate was made up of | Clergy | Nobles | Everyone Else |
|  | The Famous Tennis Court Oath swore they would not give up until they had established a new French | Government | Constitution | Revolution |
|  | Revolutionaries responded to the king by seizing the Bastille on July | 4th | 14th  | 24th |
|  | The Women’s March reminded us that the Revolution was about | Enlightenment Ideals | Lack of Food | American Influences  |
|  | Louis and the National Assembly developed a plan: Let’s invade | Austria | Prussia | England |
|  | As an “enemy of the Revolution,” what happened to Louis XVI? | Fled France | Captured in War | Executed via Guillotine  |
|  | The guillotine was considered part of Enlightenment thinking because it | Ended executions | Killed everyone equally | Caused pain and torture  |
|  | The leader of the Terror was  | The National Assembly | The French Republic | The Committee of Public Safety |
|  | After the Terror, a new Constitution was put in place, giving more power to  | The poor | The middle class | The Wealthy |
|  | The last coup in 1799 established\_\_\_ as the 1st Consul of France | Maximilian Robespierre | Napoleon Bonaparte | Napoleon Dynamite  |
|  | After Bonaparte, France had a  | Republic | King | Democracy |
|  | The Declaration of the Rights of Man says laws come from | Kings | Citizens | Gods |